

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/754,518	01/12/2004	Yoshiharu Hidaka	60188-751	8259
7590 10/07/2005			EXAMINER	
Jack Q. Lever, Jr.			LE, THAO X	
McDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY 600 Thirteenth Street, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Washington, DC 20005-3096			2814	

DATE MAILED: 10/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				H·F			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/754,518	HIDAKA ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Thao X. Le	2814				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. To period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a poperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per ret to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by start to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by start play received by the Office later than three months after the management term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of the riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC atute, cause the application to become 7	reply be timely filed irreply be timely filed irreply (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication (ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.			
Status			•				
1) 🏹	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02	2 September 2005.					
,	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims	·					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application of the above claim(s) 5-8 is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-4,9-12 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	wn from consideration.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)🛛	The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	accepted or b)□ objected to	by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to						
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con The oath or declaration is objected to by the			(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) ⁽	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in a priority documents have been received in a	Application No n received in this National Stage				
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	, 	Summary (PTO-413)				
3) 🔯 Infor	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB er No(s)/Mail Date <u>07/28/05</u> .		v(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·				

Application/Control Number: 10/754,518 Page 2

Art Unit: 2814

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The amendment filed 02 Sept. 2005 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material, which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: It appears that there are discrepancies between the foreign priority and the instant application. For example, the figs 6 and 8 of foreign priority application are actually corresponding to figs 8 and 10 of the instant application. Furthermore, the foreign application does not have fig. 11 and 12. Therefore, the incorporation of essential material in the specification by reference to an unpublished U.S. application, foreign application or patent, or to a publication is improper. Applicant is required to amend the disclosure to include the material incorporated by reference, if the material is relied upon to overcome any objection, rejection, or other requirement imposed by the Office. The amendment must be accompanied by a statement executed by the applicant, or a practitioner representing the applicant, stating that the material being inserted is the material previously incorporated by reference and that the amendment contains no new matter. 37 CFR 1.57(f).

Application/Control Number: 10/754,518 Page 3

Art Unit: 2814

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Admitted Prior ART (APA).

Regarding claim 1, APA discloses a semiconductor substrate, specification page 23 line 3, having a notch, fig. 8, the notch having two shoulder portions R1 and R2, specification page 23 line 5, each configured as an arc and a difference in curvature between the two shoulder portions R1 and R2 being 0.186 mm (R1-R2), fig. 8.

But, APA does not discloses the difference in curvature between the two shoulder portions R1 and R2 being not less than 0 mm and not more than 0.1 mm.

Art Unit: 2814

However, APA discloses the difference in curvature between the two shoulder portions R1 and R2 being 0.186 mm (R1-R2), fig. 8. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in art to use the curvature of APA in the range as claimed, because it has been held that where the general conditions of the claims are discloses in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable range by routine experimentation. See In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955). Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimension or upon another variable recited in a claim, the applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Regarding claim 2, APA discloses the semiconductor substrate wherein each of the two shoulders portion R1 and R2 has a curvature not less than 0.3 mm, fig. 8.

Regarding claims 3-4, APA discloses the semiconductor substrate wherein the notch has a bottom portion configured as arc and the bottom has a curvature Vr not less than 1 mm, Fig. 8, wherein the notch has two wall surface each mirror-finished, specification page 23 line 9, and forming an angle θν not less than 89⁰ and not more than 95⁰ therebetween, fig. 8.

Regarding claim 9, APA discloses method for fabricating a semiconductor substrate having a notch in an edge portion thereof the method comprising the step of: a processing step of mirror-polishing the edge portion, page 23 line, the processing step including the step of shaping each of two shoulder portions R1 and R2 of the notch into

Art Unit: 2814

an arc and adjusting a difference in curvature between the two shoulder portions to a value of 0.186 mm (R1-R2), fig. 8.

But, APA does not discloses the difference in curvature between the two shoulder portions R1 and R2 being not less than 0 mm and not more than 0.1 mm.

However, APA discloses the difference in curvature between the two shoulder portions R1 and R2 being 0.186 mm (R1-R2), fig. 8. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in art to use the curvature of APA in the range as claimed, because it has been held that where the general conditions of the claims are discloses in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable range by routine experimentation. See In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955). Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimension or upon another variable recited in a claim, the applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Regarding claim 10, APA discloses the method of claim 9, wherein the processing step includes the step of adjusting the curvature of each of the two shoulder portions to 0.3 mm or more, fig. 8.

Regarding claim 11, APA discloses the method of claim 9, wherein the processing step includes the step of shaping a bottom portion of the notch into an arc and adjusting a curvature Vr of the bottom portion to 1 mm or more, fig. 8.

Art Unit: 2814

Regarding claim 12, APA discloses the method of claim 11, wherein the processing step includes the step of mirror-finishing two wall surfaces of the notch to form an angle θv not less than 89^{0} and not more than 95^{0} therebetween, fig. 8.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed 09 Sept. 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because
 - a. A deletion of 'Prior Art' in fig. 8 would be considered a 'new matter' under35 U.S.C. 132(a).
 - b. Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome this rejection because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thao X. Le whose telephone number is (571) 272-1708. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael M. Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272 -1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/754,518 Page 7

Art Unit: 2814

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thao X. Le Patent Examiner 20 May 2005

> ONG PHAM PRIMARY EXAMINER